



Term	Week	Topic and key teaching points	Syllabus content	WALT and WILF	Assessment
1	Week 1-	Mapping & Data Interpretation Topographic Mapping Week 1 Go though unit and assessment outline, explain booklet and hand out mapping booklet. Revision of mapping skills – shape, cliff, spur, valley, gradient, photos ground, oblique, satellite and vertical Revision of mapping skills - Inundation = flooding, scale, concave, convex, oblique and uniform, bearing, spot height and contour intervals Site and situation, bearing, AR, GR distance, sketch maps revision with map Week 2 Task 1 Yarra Glen Map test Mapping revision – spatial relationships – land use, settlement, transport, natural and cultural features, direction, AR, GR, bearing Site and situation	 The developments of geographical skills are intrinsic to the teaching of this follows this table. Mapping skills (use of maps and atlases) identify and interpret a variety of topographic maps, thematic maps (physical, political, and social maps, overlay maps, synoptic charts and climate maps) and statistical maps (proportional circle and dot distribution maps) at different scales (local, national and global) understand and interpret marginal information represented on maps (title, conventional signs contained in the legend, north point, numerical and linear scales) establish position on a map using alphanumeric grid coordinates, eastings and northings, four figure area references, six figure grid references, and latitude and longitude expressed in degrees and minutes 	End of Week 1 WALT – Complete various practice activities on mapping skills to prepare for their assessment WILF – Apply mapping skills to practice activities End of Week 2 WALT – Complete various practice activities on mapping skills to prepare for their assessment	Task 1 - Mapping & Data Interpretation - Topographic Mapping (10%) due Week 2 Term 1





Revision with map

Week 3

Hazard Theory & Graph Interpretation

Terms, Definitions and application to graph data

Task 2 Mapping and data interpretation test – Collie map

Go through responses to both map tests

Students complete pages 1-10 of their Hazard Booklet for homework. Concepts of hazard, classification of hazards and hazard geography definitions, Scale of the hazard, assessing the risk and determine the level of risk

Students complete pages 1-10 of their Hazard Booklet for homework. Concepts of hazard, classification of hazards and hazard geography definitions, Scale of the hazard, assessing the risk and determine the level of risk

- establish direction on a map using general compass directions (8 points) and bearings
- interpret and express scale in written, linear and ratio (representative fraction) formats, and convert scale from one format to another
- apply the map scale to basic calculations to determine distance and area
- interpret relief on a map using contours and spot heights to describe the steepness and shape of a slope (concave, convex and uniform)
- identify different relief features
 (landforms, including hills, valleys,
 plains, spurs, ridges, escarpments,
 saddles, cliffs) and different types of
 natural vegetation cover and
 hydrological features
- construct simple annotated sketch maps using map conventions (border, title, legend, north point and approximate scale)
- identify and interpret natural features and cultural features on a map

WILF – Apply mapping skills to practice activities

End of Week 3

walt – Complete various practice activities on mapping skills to prepare for their assessment Read the Power point to complete Hazard booklet. Complete revision sheet for Hazards theory test

WILF- Completemapping assessmentComplete Page 1-10 of Hazard Booklet.

Task 2 - Mapping & Data Interpretation - Topographic Mapping (10%) due Week 3 Term 1





		Week 4 Students complete pages 1-10 of their Hazard Booklet for homework. Concepts of hazard, classification of hazards and hazard geography definitions, Scale of the hazard, assessing the risk and determine the level of risk Hazard Island Part 2, minimising the risk, and Hazards in Australia Pages 11-16. Students are given their revision sheet to start preparing for Task 3 Hazard Theory Test Hazards of Australia Bushfires Pages 17- 19 and revision sheet Complete revision sheet for Hazard Theory Test.	 describe the site and situation of places identify and describe spatial patterns, including land use, settlement and transport identify and describe spatial relationships between natural and cultural features 	End of Week 4 WALT – Complete various practice activities on mapping skills to prepare for their assessment. Read the Power point to complete Hazard booklet WILF - Complete mapping assessment. Complete Page 1- 10 of Hazard Booklet	
1	Week 5- 6	Hazard Theory & Graph Interpretation Terms, Definitions and application to graph data Week 5 Task 3 -Hazard Theory Test	 the nature and causes of the hazard the nature of the risks to be managed such as: loss of property/life effects on infrastructure, jobs and the economy 	End of Week 5	Task 3 -Hazard Theory & Graph Interpretation Terms, Definitions and



Go through responses to assessment -

How to fight a fire, social, economic and environmental impacts of fires Pages 25 - 27

Stakeholders and view points Page 28-29

COURSE OUTLINE & ASSESSMENT OUTLINE GENERAL GEOGRAPHY YEAR 12: 2022 UNIT 3 - NATURAL AND ECOLOGICAL HAZARDS & UNIT 4 GLOBAL NETWORKS & **INTERCONNECTIONS**

the impact on physical and mental

WALT - Read the



application to graph data (6%) due

Nature and causes of bushfires pg 2-6 Fire Behaviour and loss of property and life. Page 7-11 Effects on the economy, infrastructure, physical and mental health, measuring bushfires, places more vulnerable Pages 12-17	•	health the space and time distribution of the hazard and how an understanding of biophysical and human processes can be used to explain the patterns that are identified the magnitude, duration, frequency, probability and scale of spatial impact of	Power point to complete Bushfire booklet WILF - Complete Page 2-17 Bushfire booklet	Week 5 Term 1
Week 6 Labour Day Public Holiday (Monday) Places are more vulnerable, physical and human factors affecting vulnerability, mitigation and prevention. Pages 18- 21	•	the hazard the physical and human factors that explain why some places and people are more vulnerable to the hazard than others	End of Week 6 WALT – Read the Power point to complete Bushfire booklet.	
Places are more vulnerable, physical and human factors affecting vulnerability, mitigation and prevention. Pages 18- 21	•	the means by which the activities of people can intensify the impacts of the hazard, such as: I land clearance and its impact on the	WILF - Complete Page 18-29 of Bushfire booklet in	

intensity and frequency of flooding

removal of coastal dune barrier

building of settlements on low lying coastlines threatened by tsunamis using construction techniques unable to withstand seismic activity

The General Capabilities of Literacy, Numeracy, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), Critical and Creative Thinking, Personal and Social Capability, Ethical Understanding, Intercultural Understanding and the Cross Curriculum Priorities of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Histories and Cultures, Asia and Australia engagement with Asia and Sustainability are embedded throughout the unit.

systems





			the environmental, economic and social impacts of the hazard in a developed country, such as Australia compared with at least one less developed country or region.		
1	Week 7- 8	Week 7 Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task Week 8 Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task PTO (Tuesday) Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task	 the nature and causes of the hazard the nature of the risks to be managed such as: loss of property/life effects on infrastructure, jobs and the economy the impact on physical and mental health the space and time distribution of the hazard, and how an understanding of biophysical and human processes can be used to explain the patterns that are identified 	End of Week 7 WALT – Research an ecological hazard including draft, references, appendix WILF – Work towards competing all requirements such as draft, references and appendix of their Geographical Investigation	Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task (15%) Due Week 1 Term 2





		Ecological Hazard Investigation Task -	•	the magnitude, duration, frequency, probability and scale of spatial impact of the hazard the physical and human factors that explain why some places and people are more vulnerable to the hazard than others the means by which the activities of people can intensify the impacts of the hazard such as: deliberate or accidental introduction of foreign plant or animal species to natural ecosystems global transport systems, human settlement and agriculture facilitating the spread of infectious diseases the environmental, economic and social impacts of the hazard in a developed country, such as Australia compared with at least one less developed country or region.	WALT – Research an ecological hazard including draft, references, appendix WILF- Work towards competing all requirements such as draft, references and appendix of their Geographical Investigation	Task 4 - Ecological Investigation
1	Week 9- 10	Loological Hazara investigation Task	•	the nature and causes of the hazard	End of Week 9	Task (15%) Due Week 1 Term 2





Ebola / Other Infectious disease geographical
inquiry on the causes, impacts and humans
actions and factors impacting losses

Week 9

Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task

PTO (Wednesday) Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task

Week 10

Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task

- the nature of the risks to be managed such as:
 - loss of property/life
 - effects on infrastructure, jobs and the economy
 - the impact on physical and mental health
- the space and time distribution of the hazard, and how an understanding of biophysical and human processes can be used to explain the patterns that are identified
- the magnitude, duration, frequency, probability and scale of spatial impact of the hazard
- the physical and human factors that explain why some places and people are more vulnerable to the hazard than others
- the means by which the activities of people can intensify the impacts of the hazard such as:
 - deliberate or accidental introduction of foreign plant or animal species to natural ecosystems
 - global transport systems, human settlement and agriculture facilitating the spread of infectious diseases

WALT – Research an ecological hazard including draft, references, appendix

WILF – Work towards competing all requirements such as draft, references and appendix of their Geographical Investigation

End of Week 10

WALT – Research an ecological hazard including draft, references, appendix

WILF – Work towards competing all requirements such as draft, references and appendix of their Geographical Investigation





			the environmental, economic and social impacts of the hazard in a developed country, such as Australia compared with at least one less developed country or region.		
2	11-14 (Week 1-4)	Ecological Hazard Short and extended answers on the nature, impacts, distribution and human factors and actions impacting losses Natural or Ecological Hazard Nature, cause, impacts and factors Week 11 (Wk 1) ANZAC Day Staff Development Day Task 4 - Ecological Investigation Task	the concept of hazard geography identification and classification of natural hazards (atmospheric, hydrological and geomorphic) examples of natural hazards, including storms, cyclones, hurricanes, typhoons, tornadoes, frosts, droughts, bushfires, flooding, earthquakes, volcanoes, landslides ecological hazards, including environmental diseases/pandemics (toxin-based respiratory ailments, infectious diseases, animal-transmitted diseases and water-borne diseases), and plant and animal invasions	End of Week 1 WALT - Research an ecological hazard including draft, references, appendix WILF - Complete good copy of Ecological Investigation Task.	





Week 12 ((Wk 2)
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Revision for EST/ Prepare for Extended response

Week 13-14 (Wk 3)

EST or Task 6 Extended response

Ecological Hazard

 the spatial and temporal distribution, magnitude, duration, frequency, probability and scale of spatial impact of natural and ecological hazards at a global scale

Depth study one & two

- the nature and causes of the hazard
- the physical and human factors that explain why some places and people

are more vulnerable to the hazard than others

Interpreting, analysing and concluding

- analyse geographical information and data from a range of primary and secondary sources and a variety of perspectives to draw reasoned conclusions and make generalisations
- identify and analyse relationships, spatial patterns and trends and makes predictions and inferences

Communicating

 use geographical language in appropriate contexts to demonstrate

End of Week 2

WALT – Write responses to a variety of previous EST questions by locating information. Complete sections of Ecological Investigation Task

WILF – To be able to complete a variety of revision questions from past EST's.

Task 5 - Externally Set Task (15%) Term 2 Week 2-4

Task 6 Natural and Ecological Hazard Extended Response (7%) Week 3 Term 2

End of Week 3

WALT – Write responses to a variety of previous EST questions by locating information.

WILF – To be able to complete a variety of revision questions from past EST's.





	geographical knowledge and understanding Mapping Skills identify and describe spatial patterns	End of Week 4	
	 the nature and causes of the hazard the nature of the risks to be managed such as: loss of property/life effects on infrastructure, jobs and the economy the impact on physical and mental health 	walt – Write responses on their revision sheet to prepare for their extended response wilf – Complete their extended response in class applying the information from their revision sheet. To be able to complete a variety of revision questions from past EST's.	





				•	on, the shrinking world ession of transport and age 4 – Hand out revision ensport and communication. In has the world shrunk, and adoption, Multinational e 6-7 s, Pages 8-9 globalisation Crash Course Page 10-11 and Environmental impacts	Define globalisation, the Pages 2-3. Progression of transperson of transperson and corporations Page 6-1. Rise of World cities, Fand sustainability Crassion and corporations Page 6-1.	SEMES TER 2 UNIT 4 15 (Week 5)	2
				the nature of the commodity, good or service the process of diffusion of the commodity, good or service and its spatial outcomes the changes occurring in the spatial distribution of the pages 2-	 the nature of the commodity, good or service the process of diffusion of the commodity, good or service and its spatial outcomes the changes occurring in the spatial distribution of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or service in Australia and overseas and the geographical factors responsible for these changes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in facilitating these changes in spatial distribution the role played by governments and enterprises in the internationalisation of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or, service, such as the reduction or elimination of the 	the shrinking world on of transport and et a – Hand out revision ort and communication. Is the world shrunk, adoption, Multinational or Service in Australia and overseas and the geographical factors responsible for these changes I Environmental impacts page 15 - 18 the nature of the commodity, good or service and its spatial outcomes walt – Power pocomplete booklet WILF – Copages 2-Globalisation the geographical factors responsible for these changes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in facilitating these changes in spatial distribution the role played by governments and enterprises in the internationalisation of the commodity, good or, service, such as the reduction or elimination of the	Define globalisation, the shrinking world Pages 2-3. Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 – Hand out revision sheets for test Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 How much has the world shrunk, Page 5, diffusion and adoption, Multinational corporations Page 6-7 Rise of World cities, Pages 8-9 globalisation and sustainability Crash Course Page 10-11 Social, Economic and Environmental impacts on MEDC and LEDC page 15 - 18 the nature of the commodity, good or service the process of diffusion of the commodity, good or service and its spatial outcomes the changes occurring in the spatial distribution of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or service in Australia and overseas and the geographical factors responsible for these changes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in facilitating these changes in spatial distribution the role played by governments and enterprises in the internationalisation of the commodity, good or, service, such as the reduction or elimination of the	Define globalisation, the shrinking world Pages 2-3. Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 – Hand out revision sheets for test Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 How much has the world shrunk, Page 5, diffusion and adoption, Multinational corporations Page 6-7 Rise of World cities, Pages 8-9 globalisation and sustainability Crash Course Page 10-11 Social, Economic and Environmental impacts on MEDC and LEDC page 15 - 18 The nature of the commodity, good or service the process of diffusion of the commodity, good or service and its spatial outcomes the changes occurring in the spatial distribution of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or service in Australia and overseas and the geographical factors responsible for these changes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in facilitating these changes in spatial distribution the role played by governments and enterprises in the internationalisation of the commodity, good or service and its spatial outcomes WILT - Power pc to the changes occurring in the spatial distribution of the production and consumption of the composity, good or service and its spatial outcomes with the production and consumption of the composity, good or service and its spatial outcomes with the production and consumption of the composity, good or service and its spatial outcomes with the production and consumption of the composity, good or service and its spatial outcomes with the production and the production and consumption of the composity good or service and its spatial outcomes with the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in facilitating these changes in spatial distribution the role played by governments and enterprises in the internationalisation of the commodity, good or, service, such as the reduction or elimination of the
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End of Week 4 WALT - Read the Power point to complete Globalisation booklet WILF - Complete pages 2-18 Globalisation booklet	WALT - Read the Power point to complete Globalisation booklet WILF - Complete pages 2-18	WALT - Read the Power point to complete Globalisation booklet WILF - Complete pages 2-18	WALT - Read the Power point to complete Globalisation booklet WILF - Complete pages 2-18	the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion of the process occurring distribution of the process of the geographical fact these changes the role played by the advances in transport telecommunications changes in spatial distribution of the production and commodity, good or, the reduction or eliminate the process of diffusion of the process of diffusion of diffusion or diffusion or spatial distribution of the production and commodity, good or, the reduction or eliminate the process of diffusion or diffusion	 the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the procession of the procession of the geographical fact these changes the role played by the advances in transport telecommunications changes in spatial diffusion of the production and commodity, good or, the reduction or elim 	 the shrinking world on of transport and e 4 – Hand out revision the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of the consumption of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the process occurring distribution of the proces	Define globalisation, the shrinking world Pages 2-3. Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 – Hand out revision sheets for test Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 How much has the world shrunk, Page 5, diffusion and adoption, Multinational corporations Page 6-7 Rise of World cities, Pages 8-9 globalisation and sustainability Crash Course Page 10-11 Social, Economic and Environmental impacts on MEDC and LEDC page 15 - 18 • the nature of the conservice in the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes • the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes • the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes • the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes • the changes occurring distribution of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes • the rolary of the conservice in Australia and the geographical fact these changes • the role played by the advances in transport telecommunications changes in spatial diffusion of the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes	Define globalisation, the shrinking world Pages 2-3. Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 – Hand out revision sheets for test Progression of transport and communication. Page 4 How much has the world shrunk, Page 5, diffusion and adoption, Multinational corporations Page 6-7 Rise of World cities, Pages 8-9 globalisation and sustainability Crash Course Page 10-11 Social, Economic and Environmental impacts on MEDC and LEDC page 15 - 18 The nature of the conservice the process of diffusion commodity, good or spatial outcomes the changes occurring distribution of the proconsumption of the ground in the geographical fact these changes the role played by the advances in transport telecommunications changes in spatial diffusion and commodity, good or the role played by good or the role played by good or the role played or the commodity.
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		Week 16 (Wk 5)	Year 11 and 12 exams	Year 11 and 12	T
			the physical and human factors that	exams	
		WA Day Public Holiday (Monday) Click view Mapping Environmental Disasters: Bushfires and Threatened Species. Complete	explain why some places and people are more vulnerable to the hazard than	End of Week 5	
		the question sheet	others	WALT – Watch the Click view videos.	
		Click view Mapping Environmental Disasters: Bushfires and Threatened Species. Complete	 the environmental, economic and social impacts of the hazard in a 	Watch the Founder movie.	
		the question sheet	developed country, such as Australia	_	
	SEMES TER 2 UNIT 4 1 (Week	Watch The Founder Movie	 compared with at least one less developed country or region. the process of diffusion of the commodity, good or service and its 	WILF Complete the question sheet from the Click view video.	
				Make notes to prepare for McDonalds unit.	
		Week 1 (Wk 6)			
2		Lesson 1 -Revision for Task 7	spatial outcomes		
	6)	Lesson 2 - Task 7 -	the changes occurring in the spatial	End of Week 6	
		Definitions & Terms - Globalisation	distribution of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or	WALT - Complete	Task 7 - Definitions & Terms - Globalisation
		Lesson 3 - The McDonalds products and	service in Australia and overseas and	revision sheet in preparation for Task 7	Theory (5%)– Term 2 Week 8
		history of McDonalds. Page 2-3 McDonalds timeline Computers Pg 4-6	the geographical factors responsible for these changes	Read the power point to complete	
		Modernal State of the state of	the role played by technological	McDonalds booklet	
		Lesson 4- Spatial distribution of McDonalds,	advances in transport and/or		
		History and spatial distribution of McDonalds	telecommunications in facilitating these	WILE Commission	
		in Australia Page 7-8	changes in spatial distribution	WILF - Complete pages 2-8 of the	
				McDonalds booklet.	
				Complete Task 9 by applying knowledge	





		GeoPac2: McDonalds		from revision sheet to an assessment in class.
2	2-3 (Week 7-8)	Week 2 (Wk 7) McDonaldisation page 9-10 Factors influencing the diffusion and adoption page 11-12 Glocalisation of McDonalds – computers. Page 12-14	 the nature of the commodity, good or service the process of diffusion of the commodity, good or service and its spatial outcomes the changes occurring in the spatial distribution of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or service in Australia and overseas and the geographical factors responsible for these changes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in facilitating these changes in spatial distribution 	End of Week 7 WALT - WILF -





Gloca Ever McDo McDo	k 3 (Wk 8) alisation of McDonalds in Australia and changing McDonalds. Page 14 and 15, onald's supplies and resisting onalds. Page 16 and 17 – computers ainability of McDonalds – computers.	•	the role played by governments and enterprises in the internationalisation of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or, service, such as the reduction or elimination of the barriers to movement between countries	End of Week 8 WALT - View the Power point to extract information to complete pages of their McDonalds booklet	
Page	e 18, 19 and 20	Fiel	dwork skills (use of field observations	WILF - Complete pages 9-14 of McDonalds booklet	
			measurements)		
		•	collect primary data using field techniques, including: surveys and interviews, observing and recording, listening, questioning, sketching and annotating, measuring and counting, photographing and note-taking		
		•	collate field data using techniques, including: listing, tabulating, report writing, graphing, constructing diagrams and mapping		
		•	analyse and interpret primary data		





2	3 (Week 9)	 McDonalds diffusion and impact short and extended responses Week 4 (Wk 9) Task 8 Fieldwork excursion - McDonalds 	implications of these changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the production and consumption of the commodity, good or, service for people, places and the biophysical environment at a variety of scales, including the local	End of Week 9 WALT – View point to extract information to complete McDonalds booklet	Task 8 – McDonalds Fieldwork and Validation Task (10%) Fieldwork – Term 2 Week 9 Submit fieldwork booklet and complete validation – Term 2 Week 10
		Lesson 11 –Complete fieldwork booklet Lesson 12- Task 8 complete Validation in class and submit fieldwork booklet	likely future changes in the nature and spatial distribution of production and consumption of the commodity, good or service	WILF - Students complete page 14-20	
		GeoPac 3: Depth Study 2 – Music	the ways people and places embrace, adapt to, or resist the forces of international economic integration and the spatial, economic, social and		





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3	6-7 (Week 1-2)	Week 6 (Wk 1) Role played by Transport in the dispersion of pop music and impacts that pop music has around the world. Page 11 and 12 People resistant to pop music Page 13-14 Music Bingo Page 15 Finish off any missing pages or catch up on Music Booklet Week 7 (Wk 2) Explain Task 9 Music Investigation Task	•	likely future changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture the spatial, economic, social and geopolitical consequences of changes to the element of culture.	End of Week 1 WALT – Examine the power point and extract the relevant information for their Music booklet. WILF- Complete Pages 11- 15 Music Booklet	
		Task 9 Music Investigation Task			End of Week 2 WALT – Examine the requirements of the Music Investigation Task. WILF - Begin researching their Music Investigation Task and making notes.	





	Week 8 (Wk 3) Task 9 Music Investigation Task and Computers Week 9 (Wk 4) Task 11 Music Investigation Task and Computers	 the process of diffusion of the element of culture and its spatial outcomes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in the diffusion of the element of culture the role played by transnational institutions and/or corporations in the 	Week 3 - Examine the ments of the nvestigation Begin ching their nvestigation and making
3 (We	8-9 Week 3-4)	 range of scales, including the local scale the ways people embrace, adapt to, or requirer match wall requirer Music II 	Week 4 Examine the ments of the nvestigation egin working on them





			 likely future changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture the spatial, economic, social and geopolitical consequences of changes to the element of culture. 	WILF - researching their Music Investigation Task and making notes.
3	10-11 (Week 5-6)	Week 10 (Wk 5) Task 11 Music Investigation Task and Computers Week 11 (Wk 6) Task 11 Music Investigation Task and Computers Task 9 Music Investigation Task and Computers DUE	 the process of diffusion of the element of culture and its spatial outcomes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in the diffusion of the element of culture the role played by transnational institutions and/or corporations in the dispersion of the element of culture the role played by media and emerging technologies in the generation and dispersion of the element of culture implications of changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture for peoples and places at a range of scales, including the local scale 	End of Week 5 WALT – Examine the requirements of the Music Investigation Task begin working through them. WILF - researching their Music Investigation Task and making notes. End of Week 6 WALT – Examine the requirements of the Music Investigation Task.





		•	the ways people embrace, adapt to, or resist the forces of international cultural integration likely future changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture the spatial, economic, social and geopolitical consequences of changes to the element of culture.	WILF - researching their Music Investigation Task and making notes. End of Week 7 WALT - Examine the requirements of the Music Investigation Task. WILF - researching their Music Investigation Task and making notes and submit it.	Task 9 - Music Investigation Task Due Week 7, Term 3 Task Pop Musician Case Study Research (15%)
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		Revision and preparation for End of Unit Test			Task 10 Pop Music End of Unit
3	12 (Week 7)	 use of technology, media in the aid of diffusion Week 12 (Wk 7) Revision for Task 12 Pop Music End of Unit Extended Response Task 10 Pop Music End of Unit Extended Response in class. 	 the ways people embrace, adapt to, or resist the forces of international cultural integration the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in the diffusion of the element of culture implications of changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture for peoples and places at a range of scales, including the local scale 	End of Week 7 WALT – begin revision for end of unit test. WILF - Apply knowledge from revision sheet to Task 10 Extended Response	Extended Response in class.(7%) Week 8 term 3





	Year 11 and 12 exams	Year 11 and 12 exams	
3 (We 8)	Week 13 (Wk 8) The Founder and complete questions - School of Rock and complete questions	 the process of international integration, especially as it relates to the transformations taking place in the location of production and consumption of commodities, goods and services the spread and adaptation of ideas, meanings and values that continuously transform and renew cultures advances in transport and telecommunications technologies as a facilitator of international integration, including their role in the expansion of world trade, the emergence of global financial markets, and the dissemination of ideas and elements of culture 	End of Week 8 WALT – View the movies The Founder and School of Rock links to McDonalds and Music Unit WILF - Complete questions related to the movie





Wk 9- 10) San Andrea	and complete questions	•	understand the nature and causes of natural and ecological hazards	WALT – View the movies San Andreas and Contagion links to	
ontagion and	d complete questions	•	understand the nature of the risks to be managed, such as loss of property/life, effects on infrastructure, jobs, economy,	Hazards and Ecological Hazard Units	
			and physical and mental health	WILF - Complete	
		•	understand that places and environments are influenced by both natural and ecological hazards	questions related to the movies	
		•	understand the complexity of human- environment interdependence in relation to natural and ecological hazards		

Assessment type	Assessment type weighting	Assessment task weighting	When/due date/ start and submission date	Assessment task	Syllabus content
Geographical	l Inquiry (30%)	15% 60 marks	Term 2 Week 1 Semester 1	Task 4 Ecological Hazard Investigation Task - Ebola / Other Infectious disease geographical inquiry on the causes, impacts and humans actions and factors impacting losses	 the nature and causes of the hazard the nature of the risks to be managed such as: loss of property/life effects on infrastructure, jobs and the economy the impact on physical and mental health the space and time distribution of the hazard, and how an understanding of biophysical and





			•	human processes can be used to explain the patterns that are identified the magnitude, duration, frequency, probability and scale of spatial impact of the hazard the physical and human factors that explain why some places and people are more vulnerable to the hazard than others the means by which the activities of people can intensify the impacts of the hazard such as: deliberate or accidental introduction of foreign plant or animal species to natural ecosystems global transport systems, human settlement and agriculture facilitating the spread of infectious diseases the environmental, economic and social impacts of the hazard in a developed country, such as Australia compared with at least one
15% 50 marks	Term 3 Week 7 Semester 2	Task 9 Culture - Pop Music Investigation Task Pop Musician Case Study Research on the process of diffusion, the spatial distribution, role played by technology, ways people embrace adapt or resist pop music		the process of diffusion of the element of culture and its spatial outcomes the role played by technological advances in transport and/or telecommunications in the diffusion of the element of culture





			 the role played by transnational institutions and/or corporations in the dispersion of the element of culture the role played by media and emerging technologies in the generation and dispersion of the element of culture
			 implications of changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture for peoples and places at a range of scales, including the local scale
			the ways people embrace, adapt to, or resist the forces of international cultural integration
			likely future changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture
			 the spatial, economic, social and geopolitical consequences of changes to the element of culture.
26 marks T	Ferm 1 Week 2 Semester 1 Ferm 1 Week 3 Semester 1	Task 1 Mapping & Data Interpretation - Topographic Mapping – Yarra Glen Task 2 Mapping & Data Interpretation - Topographic Mapping - Collie	Mapping skills (use of maps and atlases) identify and interpret a variety of topographic maps, thematic maps (physical, political, and social maps, overlay maps, synoptic charts and climate maps) and statistical maps (proportional circle and dot distribution maps) at different scales (local, national and global)





	understand and interpret marginal information represented on maps (title, conventional signs contained in the legend, north point, numerical and linear scales)
	 establish position on a map using alphanumeric grid coordinates, eastings and northings, four figure area references, six figure grid references, and latitude and longitude expressed in degrees and minutes
	 establish direction on a map using general compass directions (8 points) and bearings
	 interpret and express scale in written, linear and ratio (representative fraction) formats, and convert scale from one format to another
	apply the map scale to basic calculations to determine distance and area
	 interpret relief on a map using contours and spot heights to describe the steepness and shape of a slope (concave, convex and uniform)
	 identify different relief features (landforms, including hills, valleys, plains, spurs, ridges, escarpments, saddles, cliffs) and different types of natural vegetation cover and hydrological features





Fieldwork/ practical skills (30%)				construct simple annotated sketch maps using map conventions (border, title, legend, north point and approximate scale)
				identify and interpret natural features and cultural features on a map
				describe the site and situation of places
				identify and describe spatial patterns, including land use, settlement and transport
				identify and describe spatial relationships between natural and cultural features
				Fieldwork skills (use of field observations and measurements)
	10% Booklet Week and	Fieldwork – Submit Booklet Week and complete validation 10	Task 8 McDonalds Complete data in fieldwork booklet and in class validation	collect primary data using field techniques, including: surveys and interviews, observing and recording, listening, questioning, sketching and annotating, measuring and counting, photographing and note-taking
		Commodici 2		collate field data using techniques, including: listing, tabulating, report writing, graphing, constructing diagrams and mapping
				analyse and interpret primary data
Tests (25%)	7% 25 marks	Term 2 Week 4 Semester 1	Task 6 Ecological Hazard Extended Response	the nature and causes of the hazard





5% 30 marks	Term 2 Week 6 Semester 2	Task 7 Globalisation Theory	 the nature of the risks to be managed such as: loss of property/life effects on infrastructure, jobs and the economy the impact on physical and mental health the ways people and places embrace, adapt to, or resist the forces of international economic integration and the spatial, economic, social and geopolitical consequences of these responses, such as online retailing and facebooking. the application of the concept of sustainability when considering the outcomes of increased globalisation
6% 33 marks	Term 1 Week 5 Semester 1	Task 3 Hazard Theory & Graph Interpretation	 the concept of hazard geography identification and classification of natural hazards (atmospheric, hydrological and geomorphic) examples of natural hazards, including storms, cyclones, hurricanes, typhoons, tornadoes, frosts, droughts, bushfires, flooding, earthquakes, volcanoes, landslides ecological hazards, including environmental diseases/pandemics (toxinbased respiratory ailments, infectious diseases, animal-transmitted diseases





				 and water-borne diseases), and plant and animal invasions the concepts of risk and hazard management as applied to natural and ecological hazards the spatial and temporal distribution, magnitude, duration, frequency, probability and scale of spatial impact of natural and ecological hazards at a global scale the role of spatial technologies in the
		Term 3 Week 8 Semester 2	Task 10 Culture - Pop Music – extended response Pop Musician End of Unit Test – use of technology, media in the aid of diffusion	 study of natural and ecological hazards the ways people embrace, adapt to, or resist the forces of international cultural integration the role played by technological advances
	7% 20 marks			 in transport and/or telecommunications in the diffusion of the element of culture implications of changes in the nature and spatial distribution of the element of culture for peoples and places at a range of scales, including the local scale
Externally Set Task (15%)	15%	Term 2 Week 2-4 Semester 1	Task 5 Natural or Ecological Hazard Nature, cause, impacts and factors	EST ■ the concept of hazard geography ■ identification and classification of natural hazards (atmospheric, hydrological and geomorphic)





	examples of natural hazards, including storms, cyclones, hurricanes, typhoons, tornadoes, frosts, droughts, bushfires, flooding, earthquakes, volcanoes, landslides • ecological hazards, including environmental diseases/pandemics (toxin-based respiratory ailments, infectious diseases, animal-transmitted diseases and water-borne diseases), and plant and animal invasions • the spatial and temporal distribution, magnitude, duration, frequency, probability and scale of spatial impact of natural and ecological hazards at a
	global scale Depth study one & two
	the nature and causes of the hazard
	the physical and human factors that explain why some places and people
	are more vulnerable to the hazard than others
	Interpreting, analysing and concluding
	analyse geographical information and data from a range of primary and secondary sources and a variety of perspectives to draw reasoned conclusions and make generalisations





		•	identify and analyse relationships, spatial patterns and trends and makes predictions and inferences
		C	Communicating
		•	use geographical language in appropriate contexts to demonstrate geographical knowledge and understanding
		N	Mapping Skills
		ic	dentify and describe spatial patterns
Total 100%	100%		

Geographical Inquiry and Skills

All the following skills should be taught during the unit. Relevant skills will be emphasised for each depth study.

Geographical inquiry skills

Observing, questioning and planning

- formulate geographical inquiry questions
- plan a geographical inquiry with clearly defined aims and appropriate methodology

Collecting, recording, evaluating and representing

- collect geographical information incorporating ethical protocols from a range of primary (interviews, questionnaires, student's own experiences, and field observations) and secondary sources (online maps, websites, spatial software applications, print resources and visual media)
- record observations in a range of graphic representations using spatial technologies and information and communication technologies
- evaluate the reliability, validity and usefulness of geographical sources and information
- acknowledge sources of information and use an approved referencing technique





Interpreting, analysing and concluding

- analyse geographical information and data from a range of primary and secondary sources and a variety of perspectives to draw reasoned conclusions and make generalisations
- identify and analyse relationships, spatial patterns and trends and makes predictions and inferences

Communicating

- communicate geographical information, ideas, issues and arguments using appropriate written and/or oral, cartographic, multimodal and graphic forms
- use geographical language in appropriate contexts to demonstrate geographical knowledge and understanding

Reflecting and responding

- apply generalisations to evaluate alternative responses to geographical issues at a variety of scales
- propose individual and collective action, taking into account environmental, social and economic factors and predict the outcomes of the proposed action

Geographical skills

Mapping skills (use of maps and atlases)

- identify and interpret a variety of topographic maps, thematic maps (physical, political, and social maps, overlay maps, synoptic charts and climate maps) and statistical maps (proportional circle and dot distribution maps) at different scales (local, national and global)
- understand and interpret marginal information represented on maps (title, conventional signs contained in the legend, north point, numerical and linear scale)
- establish position on a map using alphanumeric grid coordinates, eastings and northings, four figure area references, six figure grid references, and latitude and longitude expressed in degrees and minutes
- establish direction on a map using general compass directions (8 points) and bearings
- interpret and express scale in written, linear and ratio (representative fraction) formats, and convert scale from one format to another
- apply the map scale to basic calculations to determine distance and area
- interpret relief on a map using contours and spot heights to describe the steepness and shape of a slope (concave, convex and uniform)





- identify different relief features (landforms, including hills, valleys, plains,, spurs, ridges, escarpments, saddles, cliffs) and different types of natural vegetation cover and hydrological features
- construct simple annotated sketch maps using map conventions (border, title, legend, north point and approximate scale)
- identify and interpret natural features and cultural features on a map
- describe the site and situation of places
- identify and describe spatial patterns, including land use, settlement and transport
- identify and describe spatial relationships between natural and cultural features

Remote sensing skills (use of remote sensing products, such as ground level photographs, aerial photographs, radar imagery and satellite imagery)

- identify and describe natural and cultural features and their patterns on the Earth's surface using ground level photographs, aerial photographs (vertical and oblique), radar imagery and satellite imagery (Landsat, weather satellites and Google Earth)
- compare the different types of information available from remote sensing products with the information depicted on a topographic map
- use remote sensing products as an aid to interpreting natural and cultural features shown on topographic maps
- determine direction on remote sensing products
- apply scale to the calculation of distance on remote sensing products
- interpret the difference in scale between a photograph and a topographic map of the same place

Geographical and statistical data skills (use of geographical and statistical data in formats, such as maps, tables, graphs and diagrams)

- calculate and interpret descriptive statistics, including central tendency (arithmetic mean, median, mode) and variation (maximum, minimum and range)
- interpret and apply data from different types of statistical maps (isopleth/isoline, choropleth, proportional circle and dot distribution maps)
- interpret and construct tables and graphs, including: picture graphs; line and bar graphs; scattergrams; climatic graphs; pie graphs; flowcharts and population pyramids





- use simple systems and flow diagrams to organise thinking about relationships
- extrapolate trends over time to forecast future conditions

Skills in the use of information and communications technology and geographical information systems (in a geographic context)

- use the internet as a tool for geographical research
- use simple applications, software and online resources (including Google Earth and Google Maps) to access atlases and remote sensing products (photographs, radar imagery and satellite imagery) for the purpose of identifying and describing spatial patterns and relationships
- access common databases, such as the Bureau of Meteorology, for spatial and statistical information
- use geospatial technologies, including global positioning systems (GPS), to collect and map spatial data
- use simple geographical information systems (GIS) products in description and analysis relevant to the unit content

Fieldwork skills (use of field observations and measurements)

- collect primary data using field techniques, including: surveys and interviews, observing and recording, listening, questioning, sketching and annotating, measuring and counting, photographing and note-taking
- collate field data using techniques, including: listing, tabulating, report writing, graphing, constructing diagrams and mapping
- analyse and interpret primary data